

LIDSTM

Noviga Research AB

March 18, 2024



Noviga Research in short

- Swedish biotech company founded in 2014
- Focused on developing new pharmaceuticals for advanced cancers
- Noviga's leading compound NOV202 is in pre-clinical development
 - ✓ Has shown promising data in several tumour models
 - ✓ Shows very strong synergistic effects with PARP inhibitors in preclinical in vivo models for ovarian, pancreatic and prostate cancer, both BRCA mutated and BRCA wild-type
 - ✓ NOV202 may have effect on both primary and metastatic malignant brain lesions since it penetrates CNS and is not a PGP substrate
 - ✓ The compound is well tolerated, has good PK properties including oral bioavailability and CMC questions are controlled
 - ✓ Final tox study to be conducted before clinical development
 - ✓ Advisory meeting with Swedish MPA supports completed and planned studies
 - ✓ Both NOV202 and NOV202 in combination with PARP inhibitors have patent protection
- Noviga has a substance library of 200 NOV202 analogues



NOV202 – Effective across a large panel of cancer cells

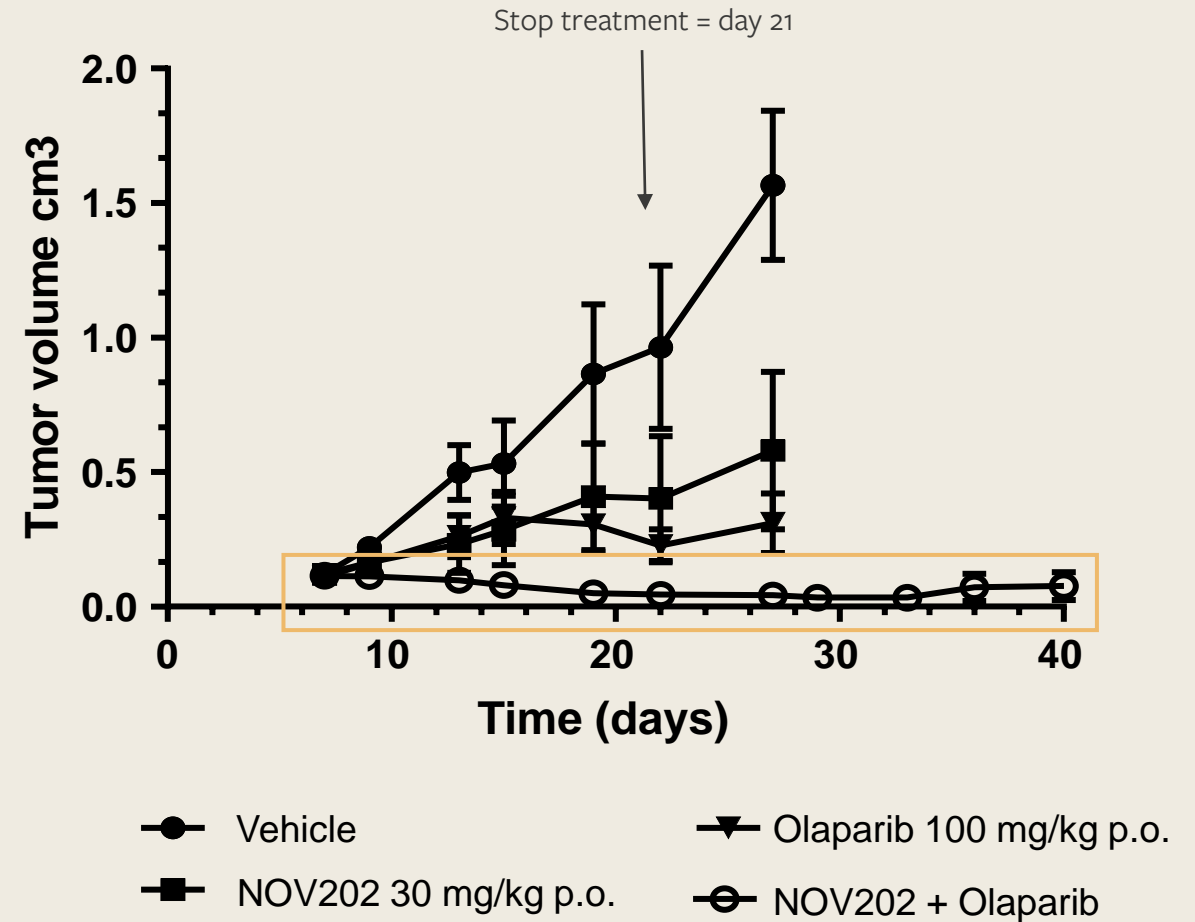
- Effective across a large panel of cancer cells in vitro as **monotherapy**
- IC_{50} is a quantitative measure that indicates how much of a particular inhibitory substance (drug) is needed to inhibit, *in vitro*, a given biological process or biological component by 50%

Disease	Cell line	IC_{50} (nM)
Ovarian carcinoma	A2780	2.4
Pancreatic adenocarcinoma	BXPC-3	8.0
Ovarian carcinoma	CAOV-3	8.0
Acute lymphoblastic leukemia	CCRF-CEM	10.0
Colorectal carcinoma	HCT116	9.2
Cervical adenocarcinoma	HeLa	12.0
Colorectal adenocarcinoma	HT29	3.9
Breast adenocarcinoma	MDA-MB-231	4.2
Ovarian carcinoma	OVCAR-4	14.0
Ovarian carcinoma	OVCAR-8	22.0
Multiple myeloma	RPMI 8226	12.0
Histiocytic lymphoma	U-937	8.0

NOV202 in Combination with Olaparib

Ovarian Cancer PDX BRCA-wildtype model

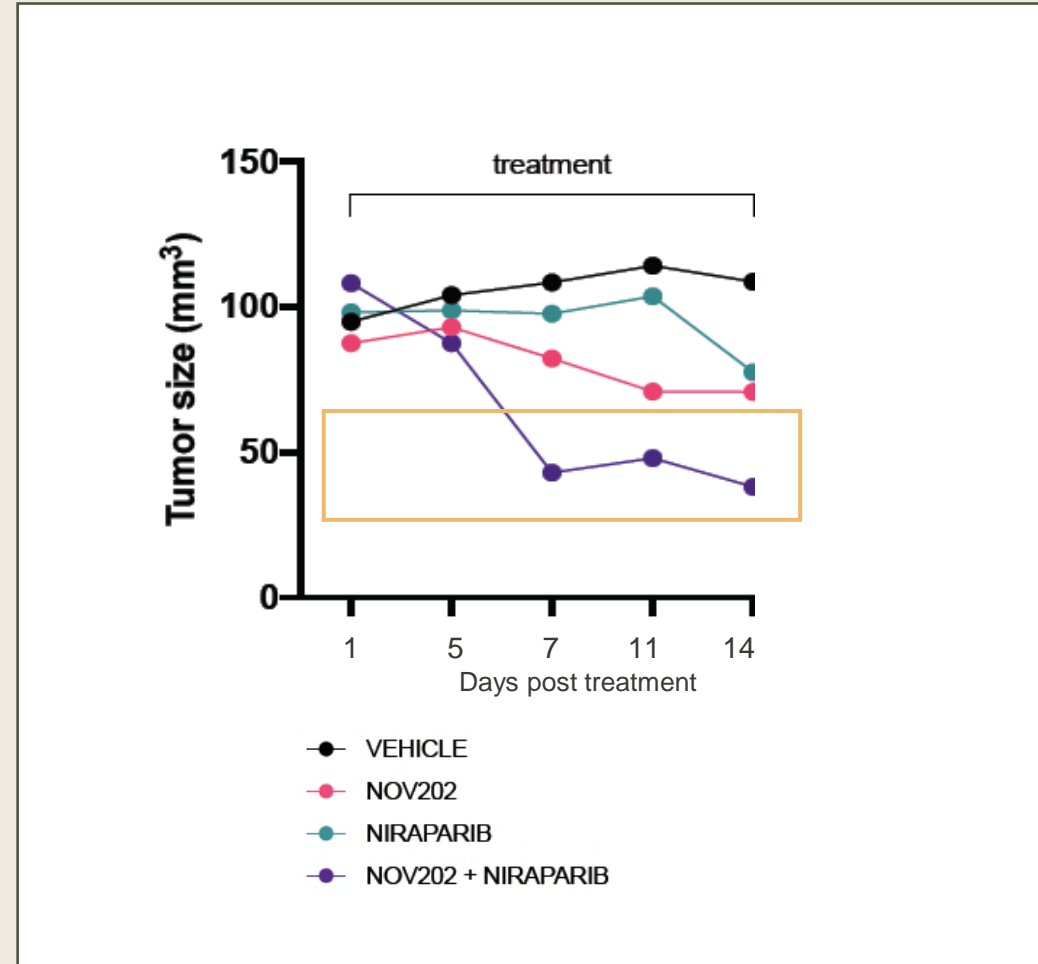
- Daily treatment with both 30 mg/kg NOV202 for 14 days as monotherapy and in combination with Olaparib (PARP inhibitor) was well tolerated.
- Drug administration was stopped on day 22.
- The combination of NOV202 with Olaparib had a distinct synergistic effect.
 - The T/C value was improved to 3 % in the combination group compared to 37 % (NOV202) and 20 % (Olaparib) after monotherapy.
- Tumor remission was almost complete at the end of therapy (mean RTV = 0.4, day 22), and continued until day 40.
- The study was repeated with same results



NOV202 in Combination with Niraparib

Prostate cancer Xenograft BRCA mutated model

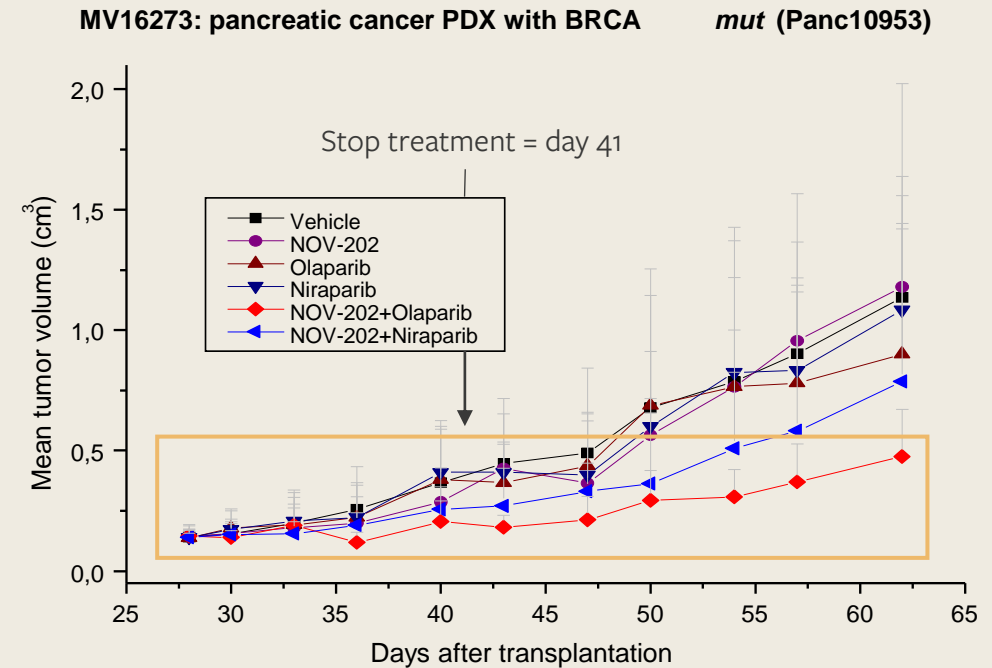
- Daily treatment for 14 days
- The combination of NOV202 with Niraparib (PARP inhibitor) had a distinct synergistic effect.



NOV202 in Combination with Niraparib and Olaparib

BRCA 1/2 Mutated Pancreatic Cancer PDX Model

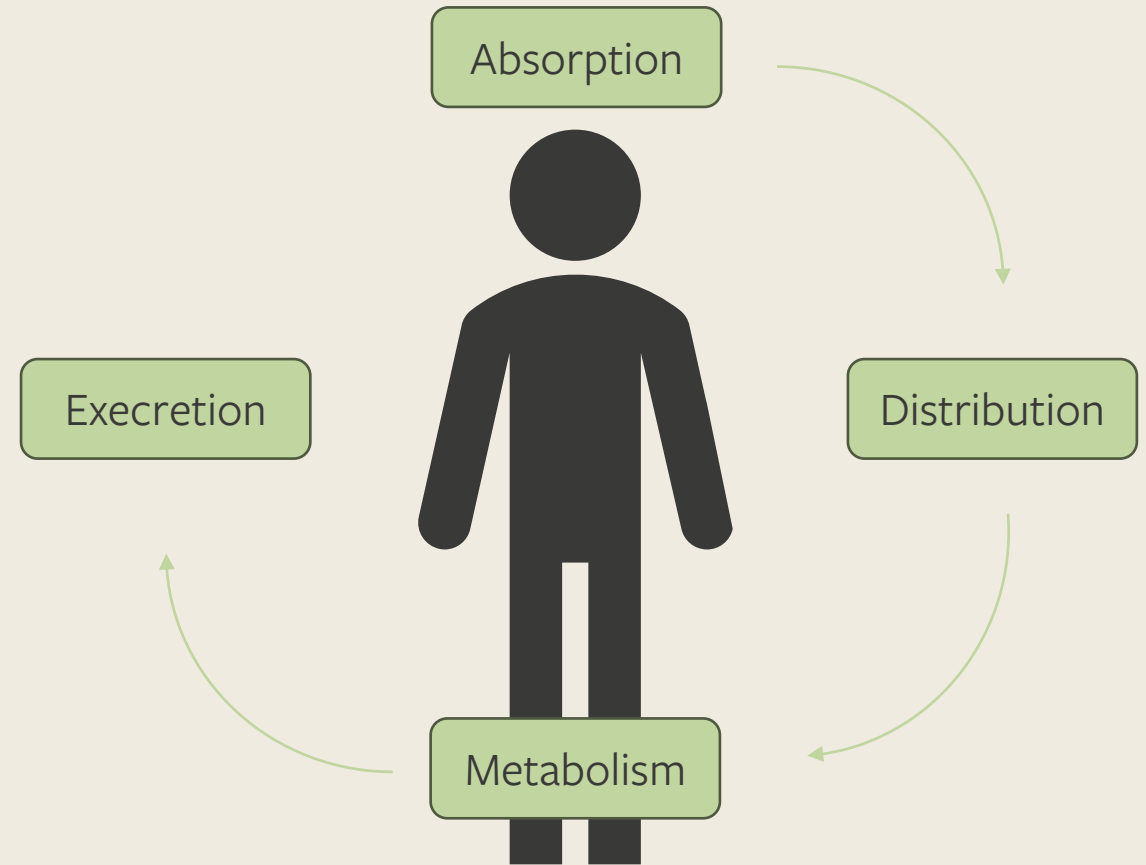
- Daily treatment for 14 days (day 28 – day 41)
- The combination of NOV202 with PARP inhibitors had a distinct synergistic effect.



Predicted Human Pharmacokinetics

Advanced in silico modelling predicts adequate human pharmacokinetic properties

- Good oral bioavailability (30 %)
- Moderate half-life (3 h)
- Good brain penetration
- Not a substrate for P-gp efflux pumps
- High permeability & good tissue binding
- Clearance not dependent on renal function



CMC

- Two steps synthesis with high yield and purity
 - ✓ Synthesis has been optimized and process developed for large scale production
 - ✓ The first technical batch gave 249 g of NOV202 with 81 % total yield and 99 % purity
- Low production costs
- Initial solid state analysis and stability studies have been performed as well as development of a formulation, both liquid and nanosuspension
- Over 200 compounds have been synthesized in these series in Noviga's substance library



Safety

Histology evaluation of major organs after seven days at therapeutic levels

- No observed toxicity of NOV202 in liver, kidney, spleen and GI tract at therapeutic dose
- No clear substance related effects on body weight observed

A 14-day, once-daily oral toxicology study was performed

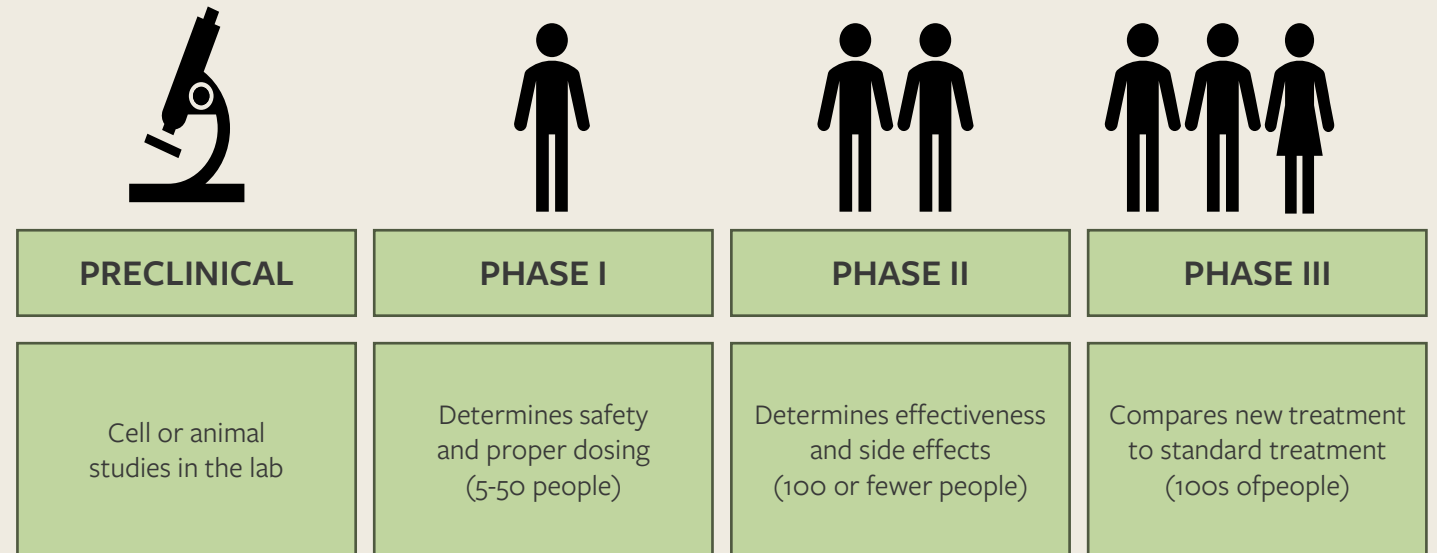
- The dose used in the efficacy studies (30mg/kg) was judged to be tolerated well.
- No significant histological findings were observed, and no major findings were dose related.
- No findings in the study indicates a risk for major adverse toxicity effects by NOV202 at therapeutic doses.



Next step a 28-day GLP toxicology study

Regulatory

- Advisory meeting with Swedish MPA
 - ✓ Support for IND-enabling safety studies in one species (mouse)
 - ✓ Confirmed preclinical package and plans
 - ✓ Support for clinical Phase I design



Focus on Cancer

Growing Global Public Health Problem

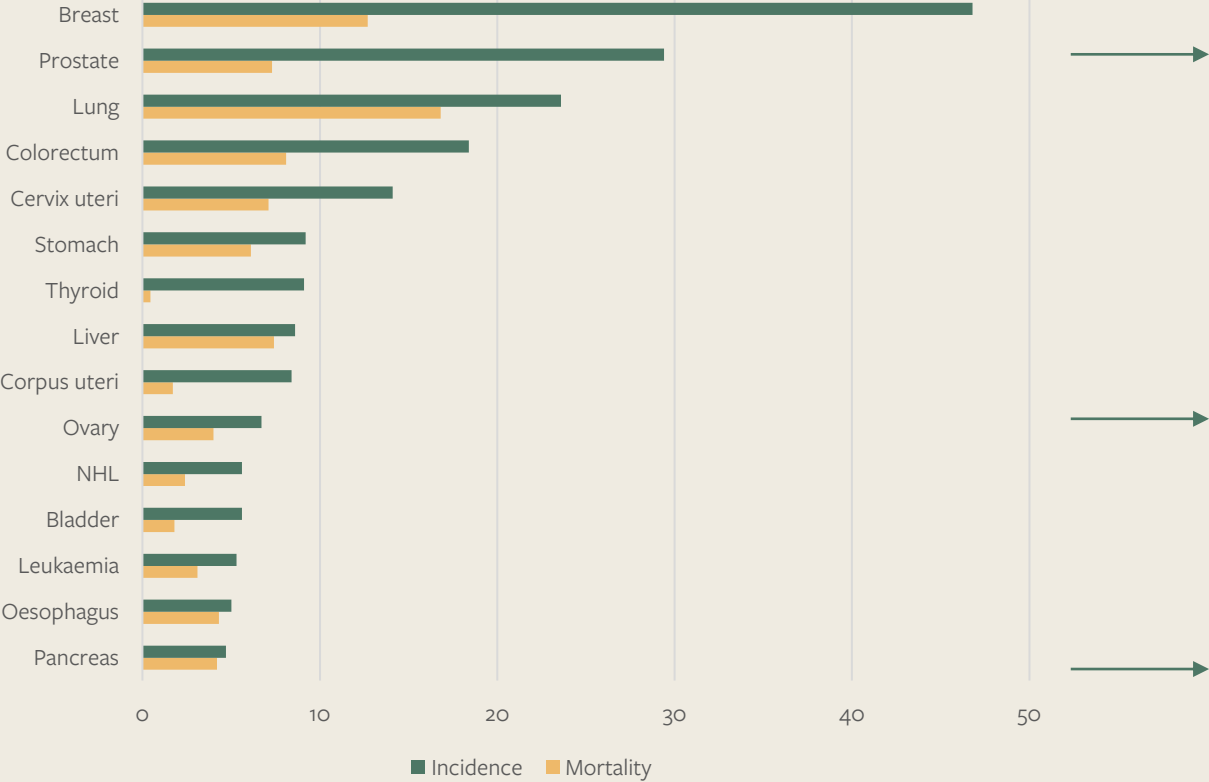
- Cancer is the **second most common** cause of death after cardiovascular disease
- The socio-economic cost of cancer in the US represents **>1.5% of GDP**
- **Immunotherapy** is driving the market and five of the 10 top-selling drugs are immunotherapies today

The cancer drugs market: USD 187 bn in 2021 and expected to grow to USD 273 bn in 2025

Estimate of 19 million new cases in 2020 and 30 million in 2040

Cancer incidence

Age-Standardized Rate (World) per 100 000, Incidence and Mortality, Both sexes, in 2022



- NOV2022 tested cancer models
 - ✓ Prostate cancer – very high incidence
 - ✓ Ovarian cancer – lower incidence, but still high mortality
 - ✓ Pancreas – very high mortality

PARP inhibitor Market

- PARP, or poly (ADP-ribose) polymerase, is an enzyme that helps repair DNA damage in cells. Unrepaired DNA prevents cells from dividing and multiplying, resulting in cell death. PARP inhibitors are drugs that block the DNA-repairing mechanism of PARP.
- PARP inhibitors are approved mainly for treating
 - ✓ Ovarian cancer
 - ✓ Breast cancer
 - ✓ Prostate cancer
 - ✓ Pancreatic cancer
- PARP inhibitors market was 3.1 billion USD in 2022, expected to increase to over 10 bUSD in 2031
- Largest drugs on the market
 - ✓ Olaparib (AstraZeneca)
 - ✓ Niraparib (Pfizer)
 - ✓ Talazoparib (Pfizer)
 - ✓ Rucaparib (Pharma&)
 - ✓ Veliparib (Abbvie)

